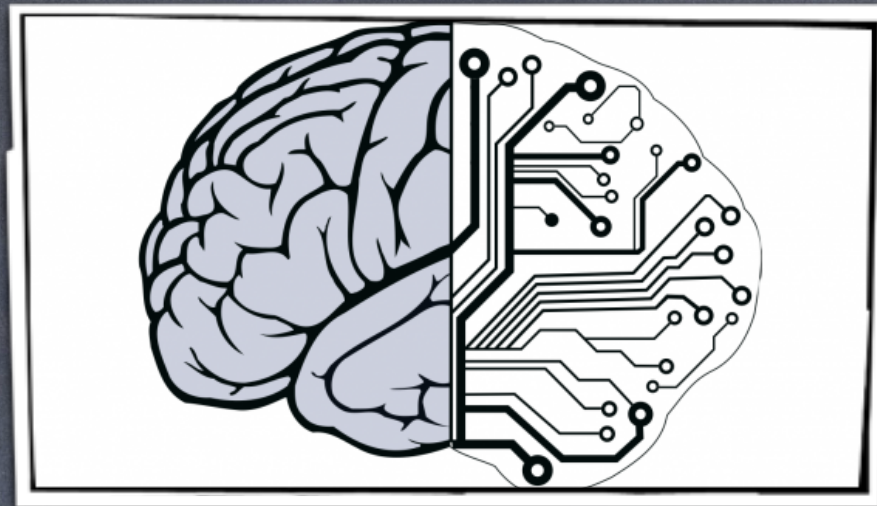


`brain.useIt();`



`= Brain.getEntity(id);`

`brain.record();`

# A Pragmatic View on Software Architecture and the Rich Domain Model

with Spring, AspectJ and JPA

by M. Dix



# A Short Intro on the Rich Domain Model

- Catch all complexity in the heart of the system
- Defines structure, behavior and handles information
- Responsible for coordination and execution of processes and tasks
- Most processes and tasks need information
- The domain object is responsible for gathering the information it needs to successfully finish a process or task





# Object Orientation Basics

- ◉ Loosely Coupling

- ◉ The degree of coupling between modules
- ◉ Loosely Coupling via interfaces results in good traceability of issues

- ◉ High Cohesion

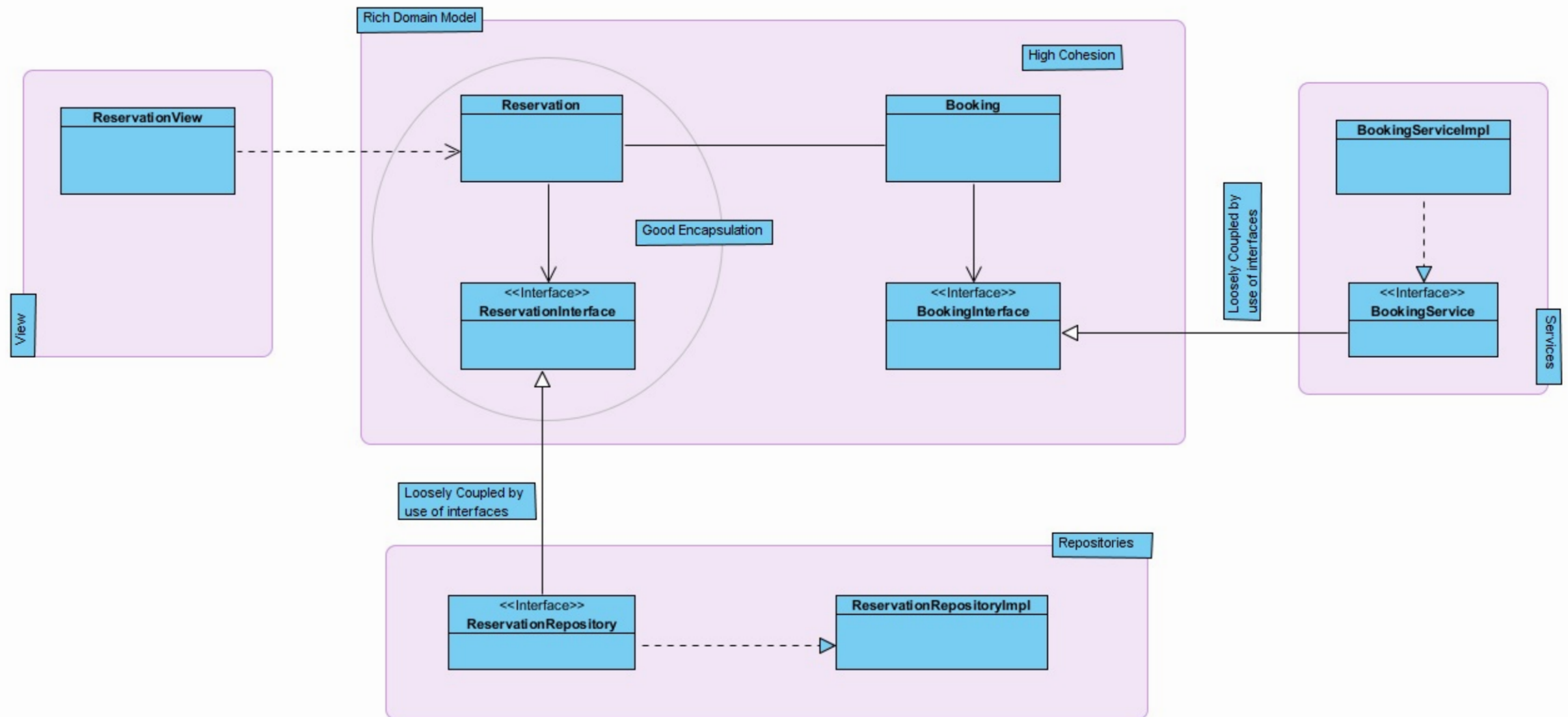
- ◉ Group elements in modules that belong to each other
- ◉ Good traceability of issues

- ◉ Encapsulation

- ◉ Shield Internal operation by eg. using data hiding
- ◉ Make changes without side effects on client code



# A View on Software Architecture





# Transaction Demarcation

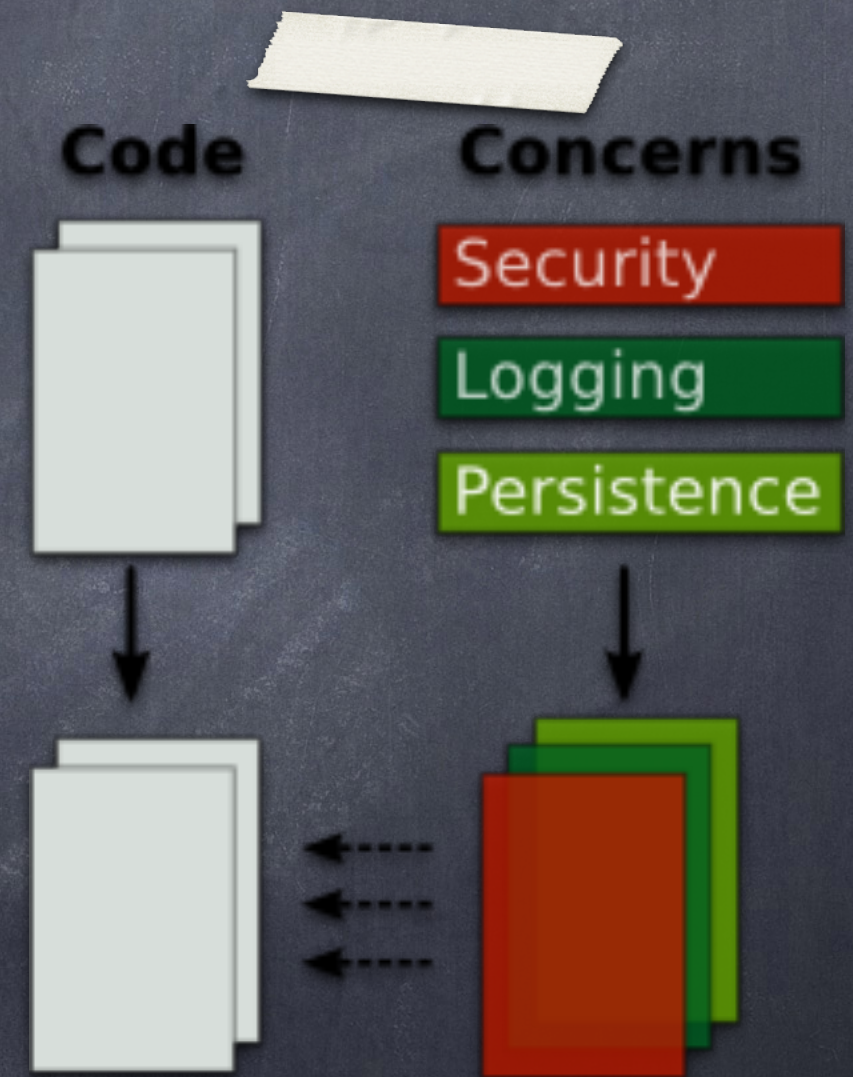
- Transactions are cross cutting in nature
- High Granularity
  - Definition on Domain
- Low Granularity
  - Definition on Repository





# AspectJ LTW to support the Rich Domain

- ◉ Load Time Weaving (LTW)
  - ◉ No AspectJ compiling necessary
  - ◉ Better Maintainable
  - ◉ Minimal overhead
- ◉ To support autowiring of unmanaged domain objects via @Configurable
- ◉ To support transactionality on unmanaged domain objects
- ◉ To better support full JUnit integration testing of the Rich Domain Model





# The Example Setup

- Spring
- OpenJPA META-INF/Persistence.xml
- OpenJPA Spring configuration
- OpenJPA build time enhancement
  - OpenJPA load time enhancement does not support all features OpenJPA has to offer eg. inheritance mapping fails, with used setup
- AspectJ META-INF/aop.xml
- AspectJ LTW Configuration
  - Autowiring used in unmanaged domain objects
  - Transactionality used in unmanaged domain objects
- Making JUnit integration testing work with AspectJ setup
- JUnit examples



# Spring Configuration

## Root Context Spring

- `<context:spring-configured/>`
- `<context:annotation-config/>`



# Configuration OpenJPA - Part I

..META-INF/Persistence.xml

Persistence.xml for Websphere

- `<persistence-unit name="the-persistence-unit">`
- `<description>Persistence Unit</description>`
- `<provider>com.ibm.websphere.persistence.PersistenceProviderImpl</provider>`
- `<exclude-unlisted-classes>>false</exclude-unlisted-classes>`
- `<validation-mode>AUTO</validation-mode>`
- `<properties>`
- `<property name="openjpa.jdbc.DBDictionary"`  
           `value="org.apache.openjpa.jdbc.DB2Dictionary" />`
- `<property name="openjpa.RuntimeUnenhancedClasses" value="unsupported" />`
- `<property name="openjpa.Compatibility" value="QuotedNumbersInQueries=true" />`
- `<property name="openjpa.Log" value="DefaultLevel=WARN, Tool=TRACE"/>`
- `</properties>`
- `</persistence-unit>`
- `</persistence>`



# Spring Configuration OpenJPA - Part II

## Entity Manager Factory

- `<bean id="entityManagerFactory" class="org.springframework.orm.jpa.LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean">`
- `<property name="dataSource" ref="testDataSource" />`
- `<property name="jpaVendorAdapter" ref="openJPAVendorAdapter" />`
- `<property name="persistenceUnitName" value="the-persistence-unit" />`
- `</bean>`

## OpenJPA vendor adapter & test datasource

- `<bean id="openJPAVendorAdapter" class="org.springframework.orm.jpa.vendor.OpenJpaVendorAdapter">`
- `<property name="showSql" value="false" />`
- `<property name="generateDdl" value="false" />`
- `<property name="database" value="DB2" />`
- `</bean>`
- `<!-- Test datasource -->`
- `<bean id="testDataSource" class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource">`
- `<property name="driverClassName" value="com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2Driver" />`
- `<property name="username" value="testuser" />`
- `<property name="password" value="testpassword" />`
- `<property name="url" value="url" />`
- `</bean>`



# Build Configuration OpenJPA - Part III

## Build Time Enhancement

```
<project name="jpa_enhance_builder">
  <target name="jpaBuild" description="Build
    Domain Project">
    <exec dir="" executable="cmd">
      <arg value="/c" />
      <arg value="mvn.bat" />
      <arg line="process-classes" />
    </exec>
  </target>
</project>
```

Ant start script

## Maven Build Time Enhancement

```
<plugin>
  <groupId>org.apache.openjpa</groupId>
  <artifactId>openjpa-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <version>2.2.0</version>
  <configuration>
    <includes>nl/company/project/domain/**/*.class</includes>
  </configuration>
  <executions>
    <execution>
      <id>enhancer</id>
      <phase>process-classes</phase>
      <goals>
        <goal>enhance</goal>
      </goals>
    </execution>
  </executions>
  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>org.apache.openjpa</groupId>
      <artifactId>openjpa</artifactId>
      <version>${version.openjpa.must.be.same.as.runtime}</version>
    </dependency>
  </dependencies>
</plugin>
```



# AspectJ Configuration

..META-INF/aop.xml

- ◉ <aspectj>
- ◉ <weaver>
- ◉ <!-- Package of aspects -->
- ◉ <include within="nl.company.project.aspect.\*" />
- ◉ <!-- Weaving for @Configurable and @Transactional -->
- ◉ <include within="nl.company.project.domain.\*" />
- ◉ <include within="nl.company.project.domain.model.\*" />
- ◉ <include within="nl.company.project.dao.impl.\*" />
- ◉ <!-- excludes -->
- ◉ <exclude within="org.apache.openjpa..\*" />
- ◉ <!-- abstracts / base classes quirk necessary for JUnit aop.xml only. -->
- ◉ <exclude within="nl.company.project.domain.model.Entity" />
- ◉ </weaver>
- ◉ <aspects>
- ◉ <aspect name="nl.company.project.aspect.SomeAspect" />
- ◉ </aspects>
- ◉ </aspectj>



# AspectJ LTW Configuration

For Autowiring on unmanaged domain objects

- Spring configuration Weaver for JUnit integration testing
  - `<context:load-time-weaver aspectj-weaving="on" weaver-class="org.springframework.instrument.classloading.InstrumentationLoadTimeWeaver"/>`
- Spring configuration Weaver for WebSphere Production
  - `<context:load-time-weaver aspectj-weaving="on" weaver-class="org.springframework.instrument.classloading.websphere.WebSphereLoadTimeWeaver"/>`
- Spring configuration for Transaction manager
  - `<bean id="txManager" class="org.springframework.orm.jpa.JpaTransactionManager">`
  - `<tx:annotation-driven transaction-manager="txManager" mode="aspectj" />`
- Domain Object
  - `@Configurable` configures an AspectJ aspect (`AnnotationBeanConfigurerAspect`) supported by Spring with a joinpoint on constructor creation
  - `@Transactional` configures an AspectJ aspect supported by Spring for transactionality

For Transactionality on unmanaged domain objects



# Configuration

## JUnit integration testing

### Rich Domain

#### VM argument for JUnit testing

- `-javaagent:../location/testlib/spring-instrument.jar`

- `<dependency>`
- `<groupId>org.springframework</groupId>`
- `<artifactId>spring-agent</artifactId>`
- `<version>3.2.6</version>`
- `<scope>test</scope>`
- `</dependency>`

#### Exclude version number in spring-instrument

- `<dependency>`
- `<groupId>org.springframework</groupId>`
- `<artifactId>spring-agent</artifactId>`
- `<version>3.2.6</version>`
- `<scope>test</scope>`
- `</dependency>`
- `...`
- `<plugin>`
- `<artifactId>maven-dependency-plugin</artifactId>`
- `...`
- `<executions>`
- `...`
- `<execution>`
- `<id>copy-instrument</id>`
- `<phase>validate</phase>`
- `<goals>`
- `<goal>copy-dependencies</goal>`
- `</goals>`
- `<configuration>`
- `<outputDirectory>${testlib.location}</outputDirectory>`
- `<stripVersion>true</stripVersion>`
- `<includeArtifactIds>spring-instrument</includeArtifactIds>`
- `</configuration>`
- `</execution>`
- `</executions>`
- `</plugin>`



# Quirks JUnit Setup

All issues described are none existent inside the  
WebSphere Container!

- Only in the JUnit environment the code snippet below is a no go, due to issues with the WebSphere Liberty Profile. Due to this local runtime conflict @Configurable will not work on these classes.
  - Base baseEntity = new Extended();
  - Extended extendedEntity = (Extended) base;
  - extendedEntity.save();
- Do not use Transactions on JUnit methods
  - Its highly likely inconsistent with your production setup, as your view is not transactional
  - Transaction propagation does not work
- When creating an object outside the JUnit method scope weaving will fail. In the example below none of the @Autowired attributes will be set and hence will be null
  - @Test
  - public void reserveFlight() {
  - Reservation reservation = createReservation();
  - reservation.save();
  - }
  - private Reservation createReservation() {
  - return new Reservation();
  - }



# Example Reservation Entity

- @Configurable
- @Entity
- @AttributeOverrides({@AttributeOverride(name = Constants.DOMAINID, column = @Column(name = "RESERV\_" + Constants.ID) })
- public class Reservation extends Entity {
  - private static final long serialVersionUID = 5027451518542119869L;
  - /\*\* functional interface, will be injected with daoImpl runtime. \*/
  - @Autowired
  - private ReservationInterface reservationInterface;
  - @Column(name = "NAME")
  - private String name;
  - @Column(name = "FLIGHTNUMBER")
  - private String flightnumber;
  - 
  - public Reservation() { /\*\* empty. \*/ }
  - 
  - @Transactional
  - public Reservation save() {
    - return this.reservationInterface.save(this);
    - }
  - }



# Example JUnit Part I

Base Class for all Integration Tests

- `@RunWith(SpringJUnit4ClassRunner.class)`
- `@ContextConfiguration(locations = { "classpath:/context-test.xml" })`
- `public class TestBase extends AbstractJUnit4SpringContextTests {`
- `public TestBase() { /** empty. */ }`
- `@Before`
- `public void setUp() {`
- `ClassPathXmlApplicationContext ctx =`
- `new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("context-test.xml");`
- `}`
- `}`
- `}`



# Example JUnit Part II

## Reservation JUnit Integration Tests

```
• @TestExecutionListeners(DependencyInjectionTestExecutionListener.class)
• public class TestReservation extends TestBase {
•     public TestReservation() { /** empty. */}
•
•     @Test
•     public testReservation() {
•         Reservation reservation = new Reservation();
•         reservation.setName("name");
•         reservation.setFlightnumber(1);
•         reservation.save();
•     }
• }
```



For questions or comments  
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